

THE DAILY JOURNAL.

O. CLEMENS, EDITOR AND PUBLISHER.

TERMS OF THE DAILY JOURNAL.
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TERMS OF ADVERTISING
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TUESDAY EVENING, AUGUST 16, 1853

CHEAPER THAN THE CHEAPEST,

BETTER THAN THE BEST,

Is our Rule for Book and Job Printing.

We are authorized to announce O. G. STROGO a candidate for CITY MARSHAL at the approaching November election.

ATTENTION!!

The Marion County Temperance Society will meet pursuant to adjournment, on Saturday the 3d day of September, at 10 o'clock, A. M., to discuss the Maine Liquor Law. The friends and opponents of said law, are requested to attend; and the different divisions are requested to be represented by delegates.

T. H. TATLOW, Pres.
Palmyra, August 8, 1853. (aug10d&wtd)

Wanted!

At this Office, TWO COMPOSITORS.

THE TEMPERANCE MEETING at the Baptist Church, last night, was very interesting, and became quite animated before its close. The meeting was addressed by several gentlemen.

By resolution the President was instructed to appoint a committee of five, whose duty it should be to nominate candidates for Mayor, Councilmen, and all other city officers. It was understood that the names of the committee would be reported by the President at the meeting to be held next Tuesday night in the Second Presbyterian Church. The report of the Committee on nominations is to be made four weeks hence. In the meantime it was resolved to hold regular weekly meetings. Dr. D. T. Morton, the President of the Association, and Mr. J. A. Lennon were requested to address the Association at its next meeting. The Association then adjourned, to meet next Tuesday night at the Second Presbyterian Church. In the early part of the evening, the following resolutions, offered by Rev. Mr. Phillips, were unanimously adopted:

Resolved, 1st. That this society is more fully and firmly persuaded than ever before, of the necessity, magnitude and practicability of the object contemplated in its original organization.

2. That the period has come when the most active, combined and decisive measures are demanded, in order to secure the entire prohibition, by salutary city ordinances, of the manufacture, rectifying and sale in every quantity as a beverage, of all descriptions of intoxicating liquors.

3. That this society publicly pledges its cordial and untiring co-operation with all temperance organizations, and the entire community friendly to the cause, in unceasing exertions to procure, at the approaching city election, the selection, to fill the various offices under the city government, of such persons as will enact and enforce in all their detail and rigor, such ordinances as may be adapted to banish the fell demon Intemperance wholly from the community, and absolutely to inhibit, under adequate penal sanctions, the manufacture, preparation and sale, in every form and manner as a beverage, of every description of intoxicating liquors.

4. That this society earnestly invites and entreats the friends of temperance, good order, and the continued and augmented prosperity of the city, to rally at the approaching city election to the rescue of our entire population and city from the crushing incubus of strong drink, by placing in the various offices and stations of trust and influence among us, men who will act on this subject with firmness, fidelity, and entire disregard to the frowns or smiles of those interested in the liquor business, and the perpetuity of the present license system, which has so long proved the fearful and prolific fountain, here, as everywhere, of bankruptcy, insanity, pauperism, orphanage, debauchery, disease, crime, misery and death.

5. That we recommend forbearance, on the part of the friends of the cause, from harsh,

personal denunciation and invective, and by the use of strong arguments, clothed in respectful and appropriate language, prove that, though the sworn enemies of the business, we are the truest and kindest friends of those engaged in it, and their endeared and respected family circles.

AIR SPRINGS.—Where will be the end of mechanical inventions and improvements? Who will believe that a railway car has been constructed and proved, which rests upon air springs? Mr. Ellsworth states that just before leaving Washington, he signed a patent for a man who proposed to construct springs for cars so that passengers should be able to read or write without any inconvenience. "Of what do you make your springs—iron?" "No." "Of wood?" "No." "What then?" "Air." "How?" "Take a strong metallic cylinder, twelve inches long, set it in perpendicular force into this thirteen atmospheres, (that is, by the use of the forcing air pump, make the air in the cylinder thirteen times as dense or heavy as common air,) on the top of this put oil, and insert a piston which shall fill the cylinder, and this makes the spring. Mr. Ellsworth rode in a car carrying eighty passengers, which is thus constructed, and it answers fully the expectations and promises of the patentee.—[Buffalo Rough Notes.

A POSITIVE DISCLAIMER.—Some fellow in Nashville, Washington county, not having the fear of the law before his eyes, entered upon the premises of a whisky shop in that place, and wickedly carried off and secreted a portion of the "grocery" stock—several bottles and a lot of "Cuba sixes." Strange as it may appear, and to the shame of the goodly village of Nashville, suspicion fell upon our worthy cotemporary of the Nashville Monitor. Hear his indignant disclaimer:

"We have not the endurance to worry with the subject further than to place this unequivocal and positive disclaimer on record, that we did not do IT!—in other words, this outrageous encroachment upon the rights and property of John Robbins, esq., grocery keeper, No. 5, in Nashville, was the villainous act and deed of somebody else! and shall rest confident that in future time the correctness of this daring assertion will be fully developed."

Profanity and Intemperance.

At the recent meeting of the Grand Masonic Lodge, in Indianapolis, the following resolutions, reported by Judge Downey, were adopted:

Resolved, That the use of profane language is, by this Grand Lodge, declared to be grossly unmasonic, and highly injurious to the character of Free Masonry.

Resolved, That, in the opinion of this Grand Lodge, it is highly unmasonic for any member of the Masonic Fraternity to engage in the manufacture or traffic of ardent spirits for a beverage.

Resolved, That it is the duty of all subordinate lodges under this jurisdiction, to correct the evils of intemperance in all their members as speedily as possible.

Important Temperance Move.

The Independent Order of Odd Fellows in Pennsylvania, a body numbering 44,000 members, have passed the following resolutions in their Grand Lodge with only eight dissenting votes:

Resolved, That any member of a subordinate Lodge, under the jurisdiction of the Grand Lodge of the I. O. O. F., of the State of Pennsylvania, who shall keep a tippling shop, or, in other words, an unlicensed house for the sale of intoxicating liquors, in violation of the laws of the State, shall be formally proceeded against, and if found guilty, shall be expelled.

COTTON ROPES FOR SHIPS.—There is a novelty about the Sovereign of the Seas, that, doubtless, will soon be imitated by other vessels. The ropes which form the running rigging are of cotton, which we understand, is not only capable of a tighter twist, but is not likely to become deteriorated as hempen cords. After they have been in use, too, for years, they can be sold for nearly as much as the original cost. These ropes are quite as smooth, and run with great rapidity through the blocks. The sails also of this vessel are of cotton, two sets of cotton sails costing only the sum paid for one set of linen canvass.

ENVELOPED LETTERS.—When letters are enclosed in an envelope, the address should be inscribed as well on the letter itself as on the envelope; otherwise the loss of the envelope may cause grave mistakes and serious confusion—or may leave the letter for an anonymous claimant. We heard a deceased Chancellor say that he knew an important law case which came very near being lost to the parties ultimately successful, by the loss of an envelope, leaving it uncertain to whom the massive had been addressed. Recently, too, we learn from an exchange paper that a stolen mail had been recovered, with all the envelopes torn off the letters, and the Postmaster knew not where to send many of them.—Chirleston Courier.

It is a well known fact, and capable of demonstration that any man may, on his hands and knees, safely traverse ice which would not bear his weight when on his feet.

From the Cincinnati Atlas.
THE MAINE LAW AND ITS ADVOCATES.
The Times of yesterday has the effrontery to say that "not a single paper of this city has come out equivocally or unequivocally for or against the Maine liquor law, except the Times." Our readers know how false this declaration is. The Atlas, for one, has repeatedly avowed its convictions, that the highest welfare of our city and State requires a prohibitory law. While we make this declaration unequivocally from a profound conviction of its necessity, we have no disposition to conceal our belief that, in some important respects the Maine law needs some modification, in order to its immediate success, and to the permanency of the reform it may effect.

We are in no way the organ of the Maine Law leaders; we express nobody's views but our own; we see and are willing to acknowledge the very grave objections which may be urged against the proposed law; but at the same time, so great, so growing and so overwhelming are the evils attendant upon the manufacture and sale of alcoholic drinks, and so useless have all other modes of stopping the evil proved, that we are constrained to say "God speed" to a law which in other States has swept paupers from the poor house, left jails without inmates, restored domestic peace to the drunkard's fireside, and covered towns and cities with unnumbered blessings. Rather than have a prohibitory law fail in Ohio, we are willing even to forego our convictions of what principle and policy seem to us to require in the details of legislation.

Object as we may to theoretical defects in the law, there stand out in all their horrible atrocity murder, assassination, robbery, breaches of trust, domestic abuse, poverty, wretchedness, and crime of every sort, as the daily effect of the sale of ardent spirits, and every humane and every patriotic man is compelled to decide either to defend or oppose the only law which, as yet, has proved itself competent to destroy these monstrous evils. We are no bigot to the Maine Law. Show us a better way, and one that has any chance to succeed, and we will give it our hearty support. But in some way the traffic is doomed to be put down. The humanity of the State stands pledged for its suppression. The movement is no mere temperance one. Men of all ways of thinking upon that subject, will unite in a solemn determination that they and their children shall not be met by temptation at every corner and every turn, that they will not suffer the further wreck of the best hopes of parents and friends, that no more colossal fortunes shall be built up on the premature graves of the young and the promising, and that the common mother of every crime which ruins individuals, and burdens down the State, shall be banished from society. We regret the position the Times appears to have taken—we regret that it has no better remedy for the confessed evils of the trade than the moral suasion, whose absolute failure is borne witness to by hundreds upon hundreds of grog-shops in our midst, and we still hope that it may yet be found an earnest advocate of the only treatment which possesses the power effectually to cure the evil.

I'm thankful that the sun and moon
Are both hung up so high,
That no presumptuous hand can stretch
And pull them from the sky.
If they were not I have no doubt
But some reforming ass,
Would recommend to take them down,
And light the world with gas!

Couldn't be Choked Off.

The Clinton Courier tells a story of a rural philosopher, who had somewhat advanced in years without learning much of the mysteries of nature. What knowledge the old gentleman had gleaned was entirely independent of science. He did not know whether a microscope was "something new to eat or a new fangled farming machine." A young friend, fresh from school, once paid him a visit, and was very anxious to enlighten the old man on the wonders of the microscope, a specimen of which he carried about him.

While the old philosopher was making a frugal meal in the field at noon, the youth produced his microscope and explained its operation, which he illustrated by exhibiting its power upon several bugs and minute atoms of animated matter on hand. To his surprise, the aged pupil did not manifest much astonishment, and stung by his indifference, he detailed to him how many scores of living creatures he devoured at every mouthful and in each drop which quenched his thirst. At this his hearer was sceptical; to prove the fact, the boy snatched from his hand a chunk of rich cheese which he was then devouring, and placing it under the magnifier, the mass of wriggling animalculæ was triumphantly pointed out.

The old man gazed upon the sight indifferently, and at length, with the utmost nonchalance, took another huge bite. "Don't" exclaimed the boy, "don't eat it, Uncle Ben; don't you see 'em?" "See 'em squirm and wriggle!"

"Let 'em wriggle!" said the old philosopher, munching away calmly, "they've got the worst on't; if they kin stan' it I kin," and he deliberately finished his meal!

ARRIVALS AT THE MONROE HOUSE, Corner of Main and Centre Streets, WM. SHOOT, Proprietor.

MONDAY, August 16, 1853.

W. V. Payne, Marion City, Mo.;
Lewis Curd, Palmyra, Mo.;
Wm. Bradshaw, Edina, Mo.;
E. J. Waters, Keokuk;
J. Y. Williams, Palmyra;
H. Snow, New York;
Richard Samuels, Rails Co.;
Corbin Triplett, Quincy;
Wm. Hall, Shelbyville;
W. W. Babbitt, Peora;
Q. P. Richards, City.

THE CENTRAL PACIFIC RAILWAY.—Col. Benton has furnished the National Intelligencer with a letter from Mr. H. Heap, connected with the Central Pacific Railway exploring party under Lieut. Beale, in which he states that through the entire line which the party had explored, comprehending fully half the distance between the boundaries of Missouri and California, and embracing, as it is said, the most difficult portion of the line, the construction of a road is not only practicable on an easy grade, but the country is well watered and fertile, such as to invite settlers and cultivators throughout.

THE second year of the Hannibal Female Seminary, will commence August 22d, in the basement of the Baptist Church.
Miss M. M. SMITH, Principal,
Miss H. A. PATRICK, Assist't Teacher.
Hannibal, August 16, 1853—d5t

ROLLIN CLARK. JOHN RENFREW. A. CROZIER.

EAGLE FOUNDRY.

Corner of Main and Bidwell streets,
St. Louis, Missouri.

CLARK, RENFREW & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS of Steam Machinery, Hydraulic Presses, Oil and Tobacco Screws, Morse's Patent Saw-Dust Burners, Page & Child's Patent Circular Saw Mills, for horse, steam or water power, and all kinds of Mill Work, &c., &c.

They would invite the attention of Millwrights to their new and large stock of Patterns, for every variety of Wheels—lists of which will be furnished when desired, by mail or otherwise.

Their extensive Boiler and Sheet-Iron Works, under the control of A. Crozier, afford facilities, for Manufacturing and Repairing BOILER AND SHEET IRON WORK, in the most improved manner. Good Second-hand Boilers generally on hand. August 16, '53—d&w

Holloway's Ointment and Pills, an Infallible Remedy for Tumours, Swellings, and Contracted Joints.—Ann Carter, housemaid, residing with a family in Burton-crescent, had an immense tumour in her right knee, which increased to such a size that she could not bend the joint, and was in consequence obliged to leave her situation. Her medical attendant informed her that there was no chance of cure, and it would be necessary to amputate the limb. This opinion not satisfying her she commenced using Holloway's Ointment and Pills, and by God's blessing they have been the means of effecting a perfect cure, and she has resumed her former situation.

NEGROES WANTED!

And Negroes for sale.

THOMAS D. REED,

Will continue to purchase Negroes, always paying the highest cash price. He can be found in the city of Hannibal, or at his residence, one mile south of the city, on the old New London road. He will always keep on hand a lot of Negroes which he will sell on accommodating terms. June 30—wtf T. D. REED.

INTERESTING NEW BOOKS!

Cloverhook, by Alice Carey;
Fresh Leaves from Western Woods, by Miss Fuller
Gems from Fable Land;
Way to do Good, by Abbott;
Corner Stone, by C. B. Taylor;
Queer Bonnets, by Mrs. Tutbill;
For sale at the New Book Store, by
Jv14wtf D. K. GARMAN.

MR. EMERSON'S SCHOOL HANNIBAL.

REV. DANIEL EMERSON, A. M., will open an English and Classical School for boys in Hannibal on the first Monday in September, in the basement of the Second Presbyterian Church. Terms, per quarter of eleven weeks. For common English Branches, Geography, Arithmetic, &c., \$3.00; Higher Philosophy, Chemistry, &c., \$5.00; Classics, \$7.00; French, German, and Double-Entry Book-Keeping, each extra, \$5.00; Fuel and care of room, 50 cents.

For information in regard to qualifications and experience, Mr. E. refers to the following testimonials:
From President Pierce.—"This may certify that Mr. Daniel Emerson was graduated at Western Reserve College, in August 1839. He was alike distinguished for talent and scholarship, and held a first standing in his class. He is considered as well qualified to instruct in any department of education; but is distinguished for skill in Language, and would, it is believed, excel as Teacher in a Classical Seminary."
"Western Reserve College," Pres. West. Res. College.
Aug. 23d, 1841.

From Judge VAN SWERINGEN and Others.—"I concur fully with the sentiments in the certificate of President Pierce, of the qualifications of Rev. D. Emerson to instruct in any department of education," and cheerfully add, that I have been a constant patron of his school, taught here since its organization, and that it is surpassed by none and equalled by few within my knowledge for efficiency and government.
THOMAS VAN SWERINGEN.
West Ely, June 16, 1853.

"We cordially concur in the above recommendations,"
(aug2d&wtf) JOHN M. COMBS, ESQ.,
JOHN WATSON,
ALFRED WARNER."

NEW ARRIVAL!

JUST come from the East, New Piano Music, among which are New Songs, New Waltzes, New Polkas, &c.
For sale at D. K. Garmen's.
(aug10dft) New Book Store.